

Özet / Abstract:

We develop a framework for analyzing a school choice environment where each student may simultaneously satisfy multiple quota criteria, such as race and gender. In our environment, schools first care about filling as many quota seats as possible and then care about student quality. Students have weak preferences over their admitted status at a school, allowing students to either prefer one admitted status to another or be indifferent between two admitted statuses. By considering the sets of contracts that students are indifferent between as the main object in the school's choice function, we present a method for analyzing the overlapping quota problem. Our procedure can be nested into a deferred acceptance-type algorithm and has appealing computational properties.